



Republic of the Philippines
Department of Education
NEGROS ISLAND REGION
DIVISION OF ESCALANTE CITY



October 12, 2026

DIVISION MEMORANDUM

No. 460, s. 2026

**DISSEMINATION OF REGIONAL MEMORANDUM NO. 1126, S. 2026,
ADVISORY ON THE PREVENTION AND EARLY DETECTION OF LEPTOSPIROSIS**

To: OIC-Assistant Schools Division Superintendent
Chief Education Supervisors
School Heads
School Health Coordinators
All Others Concerned

1. Pursuant to Regional Memorandum No. 1126, s. 2026, dated October 6, 2026, entitled Advisory on the Prevention and Early Detection of Leptospirosis, all concerned are hereby enjoined to disseminate and implement the prescribed preventive measures to protect learners, teaching and non-teaching personnel, and other members of the school community, particularly during and after heavy rains and flooding.
2. School heads shall ensure the dissemination of the attached Regional Memorandum and its advisory to all concerned personnel, learners, parents, and guardians. Schools are further encouraged to utilize the health education and promotion materials provided in the regional advisory, accessible through <https://bit.ly/schoolhealth2627resources>.
3. For monitoring and reporting purposes, all school heads shall ensure the timely and accurate encoding of reported leptospirosis cases in the prescribed DepEd Dengue and Leptospirosis Case Monitoring and Reporting Tool. The following shall be observed:
 - a. designate a responsible school personnel to facilitate the recording, encoding, and reporting of suspected or confirmed leptospirosis cases among learners and school personnel;
 - b. encode reported cases in the prescribed reporting tool within twenty-four (24) hours from receipt of information on a case through the following link: <https://bit.ly/schoolhealth2627diseasereport>;
 - c. immediately report any death, unusual increase, or clustering of suspected or confirmed cases to the SDO, without waiting for the regular reporting cycle, and coordinate with the appropriate local health authorities; and
 - d. maintain appropriate school-level records and ensure coordination with the Schools Division Office for verification, follow-up, and other necessary actions, while observing the confidentiality of personal and health information.
4. The school-based DepEd monitoring and reporting mechanism shall not replace the mandatory disease notification and surveillance requirements of the Department of Health (DOH) under Republic Act No. 11332 and applicable issuances. Schools shall coordinate with the appropriate local health office



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and/or epidemiology and surveillance unit for cases requiring notification to the DOH.

5. Immediate dissemination of and compliance with this Memorandum are desired.

PETER P. GALIMBA

Assistant Schools Division Superintendent
OIC- Office of the Schools Division Superintendent

M.E. ABELLA/ SGOD/ SHN
Reference : As stated
Enclosure : As stated
HealthAdvisory



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OCT 06 2026

REGIONAL MEMORANDUM

No. 1126, s. 2026

**ADVISORY ON THE PREVENTION AND EARLY DETECTION OF
LEPTOSPIROSIS**

To: Schools Division Superintendents
All Others Concerned

1. This Office, through the Education Support Services Division, disseminates the attached Advisory from **Hon. Malcolm S. Garma**, Undersecretary for Governance and Operations regarding the "**Prevention and Early Detection of Leptospirosis**," which is self-explanatory.
2. Immediate dissemination of and compliance with this Memorandum are desired.


RAMIR B. UYTICO EdD, CESO III
Regional Director

Reference: As Stated

Incl: As Stated

To be indicated in the Perpetual Index
under the following subjects:

LEARNERS
HEALTH

MMG/ESSD-RM/Advisory on the Prevention and Early Detection of Leptospirosis
/October 6, 2026



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Republika ng Pilipinas
Department of Education

OFFICE OF THE UNDERSECRETARY FOR GOVERNANCE AND OPERATIONS

ADVISORY

Consistent with the Department of Health's (DOH) issuance on the Prevention, Control Management and Surveillance of Leptospirosis issued through DOH Department Memorandum 2023-0309, the Department of Education (DepEd) reminds all learners, teaching and non-teaching personnel, parents and guardians, and school communities to take precautionary measures against **leptospirosis**, particularly in areas experiencing heavy rains and flooding.

As reported by the Philippine News Agency (PNA) on August 24, 2026, citing data from the DOH, a total of **4,285 leptospirosis cases were recorded** as of 22 August 2026, with 845 additional cases reported over the preceding two-week period amid persistent rains associated with the enhanced southwest monsoon (Habagat) and tropical cyclones.

Leptospirosis is a bacterial infection caused by *Leptospira* bacteria. Infected animals, particularly rats and other rodents, may contaminate water, soil, and vegetation through their urine and other waste products. People may become infected through direct or indirect contact with water, soil, or other materials contaminated with the urine or body fluids of infected animals. **Wading or swimming in contaminated floodwater may pose a risk even in the absence of visible wounds**, although cuts, abrasions, and contact with the eyes, nose, mouth, or other mucous membranes may increase the risk of infection.

What Should School Communities Do?

All school communities are advised to observe the following preventive measures:

1. Avoid contact with floodwater.

- Do not swim, wade, play, or unnecessarily walk through floodwater.
- Avoid contact with muddy or potentially contaminated soil.
- Keep learners away from flooded areas within and around school premises.

2. Protect yourself when exposure cannot be avoided.

- Wear appropriate protective equipment, such as boots and gloves, when exposure to contaminated water or soil is necessary.
- Cover cuts, wounds, and other breaks in the skin with waterproof dressings.
- Wash exposed skin thoroughly with clean water and soap after accidental contact with floodwater.

3. Maintain clean and safe school surroundings.

- Properly dispose of garbage and food waste.
- Keep classrooms, canteens, storage areas, and other school facilities clean.
- Remove materials and waste that may provide food or shelter for rodents.
- Ensure proper drainage and removal of stagnant water whenever feasible.
- Coordinate with the Local Government Unit (LGU) for appropriate rodent-control and environmental sanitation measures.



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Be Alert for Signs and Symptoms

Individuals who have been exposed to floodwater or potentially contaminated soil should monitor for symptoms of leptospirosis, which may include:

- Fever;
- Muscle pain;
- Headache;
- Calf muscle pain; and
- Reddish eyes.

Severe cases may involve the liver, kidneys, or brain and may present with yellowish discoloration of the skin or eyes, dark-colored urine, light-colored stools, decreased urine output, or severe headache.

The incubation period and onset of symptoms may commonly be noted around **7-10 days after exposure**, although symptoms and the course of illness may vary.

Seek Early Medical Consultation

Learners and personnel who have waded, swum, or otherwise had significant exposure to floodwater or other potentially contaminated water or soil, with or without visible wounds, are advised to promptly consult the nearest health facility, Rural Health Unit, or City/Municipal Health Office for appropriate risk assessment and determination of whether post-exposure prophylaxis is indicated, consistent with prevailing DOH guidelines.

Antibiotics, including those used for post-exposure prophylaxis, shall not be self-administered and should be taken only upon the advice or prescription of an appropriately qualified health professional, taking into consideration the person's age, pregnancy status, medical history, contraindications, and nature of exposure.

For School Heads and School Health Personnel

School heads and school health personnel shall:

- Strengthen health education and information dissemination on leptospirosis;
- Monitor learners and personnel who may have been exposed to floodwater;
- Facilitate prompt referral of symptomatic individuals to appropriate health facilities;
- Ensure the timely recording and reporting of suspected or confirmed leptospirosis cases among learners and personnel through the prescribed DepEd monitoring and reporting mechanism;
- Coordinate with the LGU, Rural Health Unit, City/Municipal Health Office, and other local health authorities;
- Ensure that flooded school areas are appropriately cleaned and assessed for safety before use; and
- Strengthen environmental sanitation and rodent-control measures within school premises.

Schools are reminded that symptomatic individuals should be referred to qualified health professionals for proper assessment and management.

School-Based Monitoring and Reporting

To facilitate standardized, timely, and efficient monitoring, DepEd shall make available an automated Dengue and Leptospirosis Case Monitoring and Reporting Tool for use by schools, Schools Division Offices (SDOs), Regional Offices (ROs), and the Central Office, accessible through this link (<https://bit.ly/schoolhealth2627diseasereport>).

Schools shall encode reported leptospirosis cases in the prescribed reporting tool within twenty-four (24) hours from receipt of information on a case. Any death, unusual increase, or clustering of suspected or confirmed cases shall be immediately reported to the SDO and coordinated with the appropriate local health authorities, without waiting for the regular reporting cycle.

The DepEd monitoring and reporting mechanism shall be without prejudice to, and shall not replace, the mandatory notification and disease surveillance requirements of the Department of Health under Republic Act No. 11332, its implementing rules and regulations, and prevailing DOH issuances, including the Philippine Integrated Disease Surveillance and Response (PIDSR) system. Schools and DepEd offices shall coordinate with the appropriate local health office and/or epidemiology and surveillance unit for cases requiring notification to the DOH.

Health Education and Promotion

A compilation of materials for awareness and prevention of Leptospirosis cases in schools may be accessed through this link (<https://bit.ly/schoolhealth2627resources>).

DepEd calls on all members of the school community to remain vigilant and practice appropriate preventive measures, particularly during and after flooding, to reduce the risk of leptospirosis and other water- and flood-related diseases.

For questions or clarifications, please contact the **Bureau of Learner Support Services-School Health Division (BLSS-SHD)** through email at blss.shd@deped.gov.ph.

For information, dissemination, and appropriate action.


MALCOLM S. GARMA

Undersecretary for Governance and Operations



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